



Fall 2018 Cancer Coalition Newsletter



Thank you to all who attended the 2018 Cancer Coalition Fall Meeting! [Presentation slides](#) and [additional pictures](#) from the event can be found at cancersd.com.

2018-2019 Task Forces

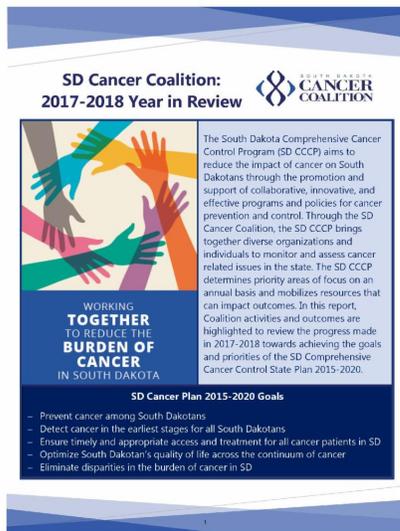
Three Task Forces have been chosen for 2018-2019:

- Increase HPV Vaccination Rates (Priority 6): Chaired by [Sarah Quail](#)
- Early Detection Health Equity (Priorities 7-9): Chaired by [Stacey Burnette](#)
- Promote Patient-Centered Care that Enhances Quality of Life for All Cancer Survivors (Priority 13): Chaired by [Lexi Pugsley](#)

Each task force had the opportunity to meet and begin developing an action plan during the 2018 Cancer Coalition Fall Meeting. If you were unable to attend the meeting but are interested in joining one or more of the task forces, or any of the continuing [cross-cutting committees](#), please take a moment to fill out the following survey: <https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CG7K5K9>

SD Cancer Coalition 2017-2018 Year in Review

The Comprehensive Cancer Control Program released the [2017-2018 Year in Review Report](#). This report highlights the efforts our coalition and partners have made to ease the burden of cancer in our state. As you review the report, we challenge you to consider opportunities to expand the efforts and success of the



coalition. Consider joining a coalition task force, a cross-cutting committee, applying to be a member of the steering committee, or recruit new members to the coalition.

2017-2018 Year in Review

Funding Available to Implement Cancer Prevention and Control Efforts

The South Dakota Department of Health's Cancer Programs are pleased to announce the release of the Implementation Grant Request for Applications (RFA). The programs are soliciting applications that support the [2015-2020 South Dakota Cancer Plan](#), focus on evidence-based intervention implementation, and promote cancer prevention, early detection, or cancer survivorship efforts in South Dakota.

[Learn More](#)

Updated Cervical Cancer Screening Recommendations

In August, the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) posted [updated recommendations](#) on screening average risk women for cervical cancer. They recommended that clinicians screen for cervical cancer in women ages 21 to 29 years every 3 years with the Pap test alone. For women ages 30 to 65 years, the Task Force recommends screening either with the Pap test alone every 3 years, screening with high-risk HPV test alone (primary HPV testing) every 5 years, or screening with both tests together (co-testing) every 5 years. Women should talk to their clinician to choose which strategy is right for them.

[Read More](#)

SD Survivorship Program Outcomes Report and Cancer Surveillance Briefs

The South Dakota Survivorship Program (SDSP) released a [Year Three Evaluation Report](#), which highlights outcomes of the SDSP and program partner collaborations. These collaborations have resulted in expansion of cancer survivorship surveillance systems, facilitation of community/clinical linkages, education for survivors and health care providers on cancer survivor best practices, and acceleration of the evidence related to survivorship practices.

In addition, the SDSP developed two surveillance briefs. The [cancer status and health indicators brief](#) utilizes data from the 2015 and 2016 SD BRFSS to compare demographics, physician status, health behaviors, and quality of life indicators between cancer survivors and those with no cancer history. The [cancer survivorship brief](#) utilizes data from 2016 SD BRFSS cancer survivorship module to evaluate cancer survivorship care plan receipt and other relevant indicators for cancer survivorship.

[Year Three Evaluation Report](#) | [Cancer Status and Health Indicators](#) | [Cancer Survivorship](#)

Breast Cancer Awareness Month



Other than skin cancer, breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women. Getting mammograms regularly can lower the risk of dying from breast cancer. The [U.S. Preventive Services Task Force](#) recommends that average risk women ages 50 to 74 receive a screening mammogram every two years. Women ages 40 to 49 should talk to their doctor about when to start and how often to get a screening mammogram.

South Dakota's All Women Count! Program covers the cost of breast and cervical cancer screening for women 30-64 who are uninsured or underinsured. **To learn more about the All Women Count! Program, call 1-800-738-2301.**

Closing the Gap between Urban and Rural HPV Vaccination Rates

A recent webinar discussed the CDC Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report on HPV vaccination rates in urban and rural areas, HPV-associated cancers in rural areas, and a vaccination intervention study. Click the link below to access a recording of the webinar.

[Closing the Gap between Urban and Rural HPV Vaccination Rates Webinar](#)

Visit the Cancer Coalition website regularly to stay informed on funding opportunities, upcoming events, professional development webinars, and other relevant cancer control information. If you have an event coming up, be sure to share it [here](#) for inclusion on the website. In addition, email [Sarah Quail](#) with other relevant news and funding opportunities that are appropriate to share on the website.

[Visit Our Website](#)

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